Case: 2:09-cv-00583-JLG -EPD Doc #: 100-13 Filed: 02/23/11 Page: 1 of 23 PAGEID #: 921

(Direct Sentencing Entry)

State of Ohio Plaintiff : Case No: TRC 0705102 A VS. Kirk, Craig M **EXHIBIT** Defendant Sentencing Entry 1) Defendant entered a plea of ______ to the stated offense of OVI/REFUSAL violation of RC 4511.19A , a misdemeanor of the _____ degree. Defendant is found in GUILTY of the above offense.

Jail Incarceration of days to begin 2) Defendant entered a plea of _______ to the stated offense of DRIV UNDER SUSP in violation of RC 4510.11A , a misdemeanor of the _______ degree. Defendant is found GUILTY of the above offense. THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE IS IMPOSED: to the stated offense of HEAD LIGHTS

Accree Defendant is found violation of RC 4513.04 , a misdemeanor of the MM degree. Defendant is found GUILTY of the above offense. THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE IS IMPOSED: Jail Incarceration of _____ days to begin FINANCIAL SANCTIONS: * Restitution collection fee of \$ _____ to be paid by _____ * Community service fee of \$ _____ to be paid by _____ COMMUNITY CONTROL SANCTIONS (apply to all counts) Attend the 72 hour Driver's Intervention Program in lieu of three days in jail. Program must be completed within 60 days. License Suspension / days/months/years Drug and Alcohol Use Monitoring: Attend ____ AA Meetings per week on separate days for months Counseling: Muskingum Behavioral Health Genesis
Six County Response Other No criminal convictions or first degree misdemeanor traffic offenses for WO Community Service: Must complete ____ Hours by___ Probation as follows: ___ Basic Probation Supervision for ____ Intensive Probation Supervision Obtain and Maintain Full Time Employment Obtain Education or Training by Obtain Valid operator's license on or before Other Unique Sanctions

Case: 2:09-cv-00583-JLG -EPD Doc #: 100-13 Filed: 02/23/11 Page: 2-01-23 PAGE ID #: 922

To Pro Bation! this is a request to move the court for early release I have about 30 days of a 60 days sentrere en. I have my our burnesse over on brighton and augusto Street Cray's auto Bepair In in the phone book as we My shop is dien and if I don't get out It will force me to yo out busians and I'll have to sell off all my equitment. Please nove the court to see of I can get out me and my family we gre trying to more to Zamerille out buy a house of live In infeprorde of not been all the pay my fine and doing the requirement of Prolation because of my mestike please help me. It my fault lin in here but I reed some mercey please in envested my whole life here and In going to lose everything. Please help in the Noney box

> Respectfully youre brang list Pro Se Procting HeBren

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MUSKINGUM COUNTY COURT PROBATION DEPARTMENT

27 North 5th Street Zanesville, Ohio 43701 Phone: (740) 455-7153

Fax: (740) 455-7940



Mr. Kirk:

In order for you to get the transcripts from our court as you requested, you must contact Tahyi Court Reporting at (454-7157) and arrange for them to pick up the tapes from our court and payment for their services. If you have any question you may contact me at the above listed number.

Thank you

Brad Shawger

Probation Department

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RespectEully Yeass Crosey & King Yeas Pro Se

Case: 2:09-cv-00583-JLG-EPD Doc #: 100-13 Filed: PLANTIFES: 5 of 23 PAGEID #: 925

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Phones Phone ONCE a SIN I NEVER got a DIST! yes my tomily come to see me BUT. one Inhate was on the Phone to the Left BUT The other two Phones were Broken. The PAIR That I feel Because of my mistuke of Being in here 15 hard. I was granted to see my family andall I can do is Just SIT there And not sky onything the other & Phone don't work! That cots by Scal Deep, and 15 cole and 18 untoins Respectully yours God Bless braig in Rich



Jesus' death on the cross. You are still trusting in yourself to ESTABLISH YOUR OWN RIGHTEOUSNESS. You cannot get saved by believing this other (false) gospel. Remember, the true gospel teaches that salvation is a gift from God for man, not a work from man for God.

"For by GRACE are ye saved through FAITH, and that not of yourselves, it is the GIFT OF GOD, not of works, lest any man should boast." (Eph. 2:8, 9)

"For if they which are of the law be heirs, FAITH IS MADE VOID, and the promise made of none effect: . . Therefore it is of FAITH, that it might be by GRACE." (Rom. 4:14, 16a)

"And if by GRACE then is it no more of works, OTHERWISE GRACE IS NO MORE GRACE..." (Rom. 11:6)

Are you willing to believe the true GOSPEL OF GRACE? If so, with repentance toward God and faith in Jesus, ask Him for the gift of everlasting life right now. The very moment you completely trust Jesus Christ as your saviour and Lord...that very moment...you are saved...forever!

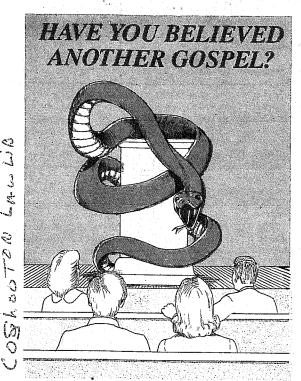
"Verily, verily, I say unto you, He that heareth my word, and believeth on him that sent me, HATH EVERLASTING LIFE, and shall not come into condemnation; but IS PASSED from death unto life." (John 5:24).

Please send this tract to us to let us know that after reading it, you have decided to trust Jesus Christ as your Saviour.

Name

Addresniontown Baptist Charch
Civultonham, Ohio - Phone 849,2977
State Larry Diamond, Pastor

FELLOWSHIP TRACT LEAGUE P.O. BOX 164 LEBANON, OH 45036 U.S.A. ALL TRACTS FREE AS THE LORD PROVIDES. Tract No. 149



"Which is not another, but there be some that trouble you, and would pervert the gospel of Christ." (Gal. 1.7).

Friend, have you been deceived into believing "another gospel?" The word "gospel" means glad tidings or good news. The apostle Paul says that this "other gospel" is not a gospel at all; because it does not truthfully present the good news of God's GRACE in His plan of eternal salvation for the souls of men. Out of a sincere concern for those souls, this tract was written to expose the "other gospel" by presenting the true gospel of Jesus Christ as explained by Paul.

20M-4/96 (K) publishes the former Quarterly Journal-now The School for Alcohol Studies is now at Rutgers University, New Brunswick, N.J. It worldwide: more than two million. ²Current (1992) estimate of A.A. membership Estimate as of 1958.

find out what makes drunks tick. since Dr. Haggard first decided to are pouring out floods of it daily. tion, the press, radio, and television School textbooks are being modern-Health Organization is carrying all this good news around the world zed. In the cause of general educahis has all happened in the 28 years

total field will generously say that had it not been for the living proof of Every one of these pioneers in the

> recovery in A.A., they could not have gone on. A.A. was the lodestar of hope and help that kept them at it.

possibly give it. endorsement; they need only a helpvaried labors do not need our special not yet found their way out. These projects of promise to hasten the ing hand when, as individuals, we car recovery of those millions who have So let us work alongside all these

a monthly called Journal of Studies on

founder-consultant until her death in 1980 director, Marty Mann served N.C.A. as 'After retiring from her position as executive

cooperation to government and private agencies and nent-wide basis. The board committee offers recommended friendliness into action on a conti-Community; so has the General Service Conference. to professional people and organizations throughou Committee on Cooperation with the Professional followed. The A.A. General Service Board has a the alcoholism field. These committees enable the Fellowship to put the Today, Bill W.'s suggestion is being earnestly

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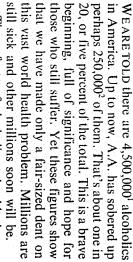
PLAINTIFF'S

P34

et's Be Friendly With Our Friends:

Friends on the Alcoholism Front

by Bill W.



sympathetic when the ill-advised ones fail education, or research. We can be openalcoholism-whether of medicine, religion, that promise success—even a little success. A.A.'s, we can and should work with those years on trial-and-error. As individual minded toward all such efforts, and we can be method that tries to solve the problem of good reason to think, and to be humble. Sure-We can remember that A.A. itself ran for y, we can be grateful for every agency or These facts of alcoholism should give us

mostly because they are bedeviled by bad who would like us to believe that drunks drink goodwill. For example, numbers of us think red-hot when psychiatrists wave aside metabolisms. Likewise, we are apt to or prejudices to overcome our good sense and that alcoholism is mainly a spiritual problem Therefore, we have little time for biochemists Nor ought we allow our special convictions

Footnotes on last page

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1-128 PAGES

Ohio Jail Administrator's



HANDBOOK

2nd Edition

A Handbook for Ohio Jail Administrators Compiled by Ohio Jail Administrators



Ohio Handbook Committee Members:

Robert Beightler, Executive Director, Tri-County Regional Jail
Todd Dempsey, Jail Administrator, Erie County Jail
Jeff Eiser, Operations Commander, Hamilton County Jails
Ryan Kidwell, Jail Administrator, Hancock County Jail
William P. McGee, Jail Administrator, Solon City Jail
William Schultz, Jail Administrator, Bedford Heights City Jail

March 2008

Ohio Jail Administrator's Handbook, 2nd Edition

Dedication to Susan Beach





On May 8, 2006 our friend and mentor Captain Susan Beach, Jail Administrator of the Hancock County Sheriff's Office lost a two-year battle with cancer. The Findlay – Hancock County community and the State of Ohio lost a driven, compassionate, leader, and defined corrections professional.

Captain Beach began her career with the Hancock County Sheriff's Office in December 1981 serving as a clerical staff member. Throughout her career she was promoted to clerk supervisor in 1986 and Administrative Assistant in 1990 where she served in the Corrections division. In 1995 she was promoted to the rank of Lieutenant and assigned the role of Jail Administrator serving as Hancock County's first female jail administrator. In 2002 Captain Beach was promoted to the rank of Captain where she served until her retirement in January of 2006.

In addition to her duties as Jail Administrator Captain Beach was actively involved in promoting the profession of Corrections through her serving on the Buckeye State Sheriff's Association Community Corrections Board, Hancock County Sheriff's Office Rehabilitation and Opportunity Center Board, member of the American Jail Association and served on the transition team which assisted with the development and opening of the current Hancock County Justice Center in 1989. Susan was also actively involved in corrections through her continual research and initiatives in making corrections a more exposed profession while attempting to play an active role in lessening the inmate recidivism rate.

Captain Beach was instrumental in being the driving force in the development and gathering of administrators with the assistance of the State of Ohio Bureau of Adult Detention in creating the First Edition of what is now know as the Ohio Jail Administrators Handbook serving as a self help manual for Jail Administrators in their daily roles.

Captain Susan Beach was an inspiration to all who knew her. We the committee of the Second Edition of the Ohio Jail Administrators Handbook hereby dedicate the handbook and our efforts in memory of Captain Susan Beach.

Previous Handbook Authors / Editors

2005 Edition

Susan Beach, Jail Administrator, Hancock County Jail Ted Bruner, Jail Administrator, Darke County Jail Jim Dennis, Executive Director, Corrections Center of Northwest Ohio Joseph Lynch, Jail Administrator, Auglaize County Jail Mike Roach, Jail Administrator, Clark County Jail

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JAIL OPERATION ASSESSMENT CHECKLISTS

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Checklist 3 Planning, Budgeting, and Personnel Management

Checklist 4 Internal and External Inspections

Checklist 5 Monitoring Population Data

Checklist 6 Jail Facilities Assessment

Checklist 7 Emergency Preparedness

Checklist 8 Inmate Behavior Management

Checklist 9 Inmate Discipline

Checklist 10 Facility Security



Each time you see this symbol, you can click on the Checkmark and it will take you to the checklist for this topic area.

89

19. Is the staff's level of interaction with the inmates sufficient for staff to supervise the inmates effectively and manage their behavior?		
Comments:		
20. Does the jail offer incentives to encourage inmates to behave well and comply with the rules?		
Comments:	ļ	
21. Does the jail have a formal disciplinary process for inmates who break the rules?		
Comments:		
Productive Activities	Yes	8
22. Are inmates kept productively engaged in activities throughout the day to avoid extended periods of idleness?		
Review the daily schedule to determine the amount of planned activity and tour the housing units at various times to see the level of inmate participation in activities.		
Comments:		

Ohio Jail Administrator's Handbook, 2nd Edition

PLAINTIFF'S EXHIBIT

Additional Comments

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	CHECKLIST 9: INMATE DISCIPLINE
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	Yes	Š
Does the Jail have written policies and procedures governing the inmate disciplinary process?		
Comments:		l
Does the inmate disciplinary process include the following components?		
Written rules governing inmate conduct		
Written description of sanctions for rule violations	J C] [
Written description of the disciplinary process] [
Inmate orientation/access to rules, sanctions and the disciplinary process		
Provisions for resolving minor infractions	ן כ	
Notice of rule violation] [
Procedures for a fair hearing on rule violations	ם כ	
Documentation of disciplinary actions		
Review of disciplinary decisions by a higher authority '		
Right to appeal		
Comments:]]
Is staff adequately trained in the rules and disciplinary procedures?		
Comments:]]

99

4.	Do any problems or issues relating to inmate discipline require immediate attention?		
	Comments:		
-	Inmate Grievances	Yes	N _o
S.	Does the jail have a formal grievance process?		
	Comments:		
ဖ	Is a staff person responsible for administering the grievance system?		
	Comments:		
7	7. Do the inmate handbook and inmate orientation provide information about the grievance process?		
	Comments:		
ထ	. Does the jail's grievance system provide for the following?		
	Access by all inmates without reprisal		
	Availability of grievance forms		
	Staff assistance to inmates desiring help in preparing grievances		
	Written responses to grievances		
	Reasonable timeframes for reviewing and responding to grievances		
	Supervisory review of all grievances		
	Process appeal to a higher authority		
	Comments:		

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HANDBOOK

Ohio County Commissioners

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CHAPTER 8

LIABILITY, IMMUNITY, AND INSURANCE

Latest Revision November, 2008

8.01 GENERAL

This Chapter outlines the exposure the county and its officials and employees have to liability; how immunity protects the county and its officials and employees; insurance options available to cover property and liability risks, and procedures to procure insurance.

Running county government often means defending lawsuits and experiencing losses to county property. While aggressive loss control, safety, and risk management programs can reduce the likelihood of and magnitude of losses, some form of insurance protection is usually needed by counties.

8.02 LIABILITY AND IMMUNITY BACKGROUND

Historically, counties had no liability. In England, the King set up the courts, and so the King could not be sued in them. This tradition followed settlers to America, where "sovereign immunity" kept claimants from suing the government and its officials. Sovereign immunity was eroded slowly until buried by a court decision in 1982 (Zents v Board of Commissioners, 9 OS 3d 204). To restore some degree of protection to political subdivisions and their officials and employees, CCAO worked with the General Assembly and other public interest groups to enact ORC Chapter 2744, the Political Subdivision Tort Liability Law.

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EXHIBIT

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cases, harassment, wrongful termination cases, and zoning cases. ORC Chapter 2744, and therefore the available immunities and defenses included in the Chapter, would not apply to actions brought in federal court. However, in federal court actions, generally an individual is immune if the employee acted in good faith or if the actions were reasonable to a reasonable observer (Mitchell v Forsyth, 472 U.S. 511, 1985). Attorneys fees, if permitted under the section of law referenced in the suit, are available for the successful claimant (Carey v Piphus, 435 U.S. 247, 1978).

8.10 CIVIL RIGHTS CLAIMS AGAINST COUNTIES

Civil rights claims against officials in their official capacity, or against the county or its departments as an entity, may only be maintained if the unconstitutional conduct of the county employee is part of a custom, policy or procedure of the county (Monell v Dept. of Social Services, 436 U.S. 658, 1978). An example is the county that had a policy of failing to train deputy sheriffs so that the deprivation of civil rights of others was in fact caused by the county (City of Canton v Harris, 489 U.S. 378, 1989). A successful claimant may receive attorney fees and compensatory damages from the county. In addition, the county may either be required to stop a practice (injunctive relief) or be required to take to perform specific tasks (declaratory relief), such as making a law library available to inmates.

8.11 STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS

Claims or lawsuits for injury or damage to property must be made within two years of when the injury or damage occurs. Although the two-year statute of limitations applies to the majority of claims and lawsuit, there are exceptions. The claims for employment discrimination may be brought up to six years after the wrongful act occurs.

8.12 ISSUANCE OF DEBT TO PAY CLAIMS AND ESTABLISH RESERVES

Counties are authorized to issue general or special obligation bonds for purposes related to liability insurance as follows:

- To provide funds to pay judgments, losses, damages, and the expenses of litigation or costs to settle claims.
- 2. To provide funds for a county that establishes its own self insurance program to establish a special fund from which to pay claims.
- 3. To provide funds to pay the county costs, including the establishment of a reserve fund, for establishing and maintaining a joint self insurance pool.

These bonds need not follow normal issuance procedures specified in the uniform bond law unless the county elects to use these procedures. In such a case, they may be issued for not more than 20 years. Such bonds are exempt from the direct debt limit of ORC Section 133.05, but are subject to the indirect or constitutional debt limit.

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The Ohio Historical Society has a manual that has forms in it that are very helpful in setting up a record system. The forms can also be accessed at www.ohiohistory.org/resource/lgr/forms.html. The State Auditor's Office also has AOS Technical Bulletins available that date back to 1995.

Prisoner records are a valuable source of information; therefore, a case record should be maintained for every prisoner taken into the custody of your facility.

Prisoner Rights and Privileges

Every effort should be made to provide prisoners with a clean, safe, assault free, and harassment free environment. Prisoner civil rights must be guarded. Corporal punishment is never acceptable.

Prisoners' rights are generally divided into two categories Fundamental rights and Qualified rights. Fundamental rights include Constitutional rights which must be provided. Fundamental rights typically include visits by attorney or clergy, telephone calls to attorney or clergy, adequate food/nutrition. adequate lighting. ventilation. temperature control, sanitation, medical care and access to a grievance mechanism. Qualified Rights are rights that are guaranteed to prisoners as long as they are behaving (ex. Recreation). Qualified rights can be created through a jail's policies and procedures. Prisoners also have the right to fair disciplinary procedures. Fundamental rights cannot be suspended for disciplinary action. Rights or privileges may be suspended as a part of disciplinary action however the established guidelines of the Ohio Minimum Standards must be followed. See the Ohio Minimum Standards 5120: 1-8-12 &14 Discipline. See the Ohio Minimum Standards glossary for a definition of fundamental rights and privileges. 5120: 1-7-02 Glossary of Terms (16) (35).

Fundamental Rights Description: Those rights which must be provided to all prisoners. Examples: Food, Lights, Attorney / Clergy Visits or calls.

Qualified Rights

Description:

Those rights guaranteed to prisoners as long as they are behaving

Examples:

Recreation, Dayroom Access, visits by family and friends

Privileges

Examples:

TV on/off time, extra food, snacks, extra TV channels

Lawsuits

We live in a litigious or lawsuit prone society. The sheriff, board of commissioners or regional board, you, or your employees may get sued. When this occurs typically you will want to, notify the person you report to and your agency's legal representative (attorney) and any jail employees listed as defendants. The Sheriff or Commissioners will likely contact the jail's insurance carrier or direct you to act as their designee.